Chapter 3
Section 5.8

Extracorporeal Immunoadsorption (ECI) With Protein A Columns

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Authority: 32 CFR 199.4(c)(2) and (c)(3)

I. PROCEDURE CODE

36526

II. DESCRIPTION

Extracorporeal immunoadsorption (ECI) with protein A has been developed for the purpose of selectively removing circulating immune complexes (CICs) and immunoglobulins from the plasma of patients in whom these substances are associated with their disease. The ECI technology commonly involves a continuous-flow immunoadsorption system consisting of online cell separator, protein A columns, and a semi-automatic elution component which may be added. During this process, the patient's whole blood is anticoagulated and pumped through a plasma cell separator from which one to three liters of plasma are collected and then perfused over adsorbent columns containing Staphylococcus aureus protein A covalently bound to one of a variety of solid phase matrices (e.g., silica, collodion-charcoal or sepharose beads). The plasma then rejoins the separated, unprocessed cells and is retransfused.

III. POLICY

A. TRICARE may cost-share medically necessary services and supplies for ECI utilizing columns of protein A silica in the treatment of idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) when the medical record demonstrates that:

- 1. The patient suffers from ITP; and
 - a. The patient's platelet count is below 100,000 per cubic millimeter; and
 - b. The following standard therapies have either failed or are contraindicated for
- use:
- (1) Corticosteroids:
- (2) Cyclophosphamide; vinca alkaloids; azathioprine;
- (3) High dose intravenous immune globulin (IVIG);

- Splenectomy (except in patients below age 14); or
- 2. The patient suffers from ITP; and
 - a. The patient's platelet count is below 100,000 per cubic millimeter; and
- b. An urgent or life-threatening hemorrhage or refractory ITP exists which a rapid increase in platelet count is deemed essential to partially resolve the situation.
- B. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) reports only one device, the IMRE Prosorba® column utilizing protein A for immunoadsorption, is regarded as safe and effective for removing immunoglobulins and CICs from plasma.

IV. EXCLUSIONS

ECI in the treatment of disease processes other than ITP (e.g., Bullous Pemphigoid, Pemphigus Vulgaris, Raynaud's Phenomenon, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (Lupus Nephritis), Systemic Vasculitis, Non-Anti-GBM Rapidly Progressive Glomerulonephritis).

V. EFFECTIVE DATE December 23, 1987.

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